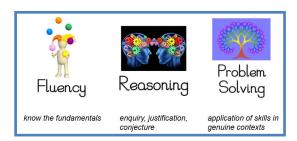


MATHS Y3



NUMBER

- count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number
- recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
- compare and order numbers up to 1000
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words
- solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.

Addition and Subtraction

- add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
 - a three-digit number and ones
 - a three-digit number and tens
 - a three-digit number and hundreds
- add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
- estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.

Multiplication and Division

- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
- write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they
 know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written
 methods
- solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.

FRACTIONS

- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
- recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$)
- compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
- solve problems that involve all of the above.

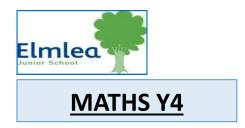
MEASUREMENT

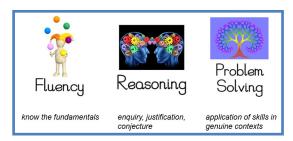
- measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)
- measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
- add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts
- tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks
- estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
- know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
- compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks.

GEOMETRY

- draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
- recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn
- identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four
 a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle
- identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.

- interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- solve one-step and two-step questions such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.





NUMBER

- count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000
- find 1000 more or less than a given number
- count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
- recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)
- order and compare numbers beyond 1000
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers
- Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and
 place value.

Addition and Subtraction

- add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
- estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
- solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Multiplication and Division

- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12
- use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers
- · recognise and use factor pairs and commutatively in mental calculations
- multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
- solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.

FRACTIONS (including decimals)

- · recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
- count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by a hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
- solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
- recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
- recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¹/₄; ¹/₂; ³/₄
- find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as units, tenths and hundredths
- round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
- compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places
- solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.

MEASUREMENT

- Convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute)
- measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure including squares) in centimetres and metres
- find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares
- estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence
- read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks
- solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

GEOMETRY

Properties of shape

- compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
- identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.

Cont.....

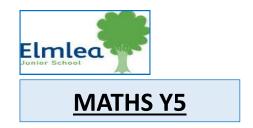


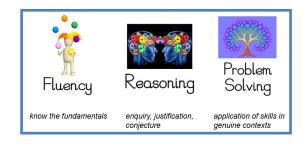
MATHS Y4 cont...

Position and direction

- describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
- plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.

- interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.





NUMBER

- •read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- •count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- •interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero
- •round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- •solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- •Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.

Addition and Subtraction

- •add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- •add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- •use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- •Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Multiplication and Division

- •Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
- solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into their factors
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- •establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- •multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- •multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- •divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- •multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- •recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
- •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- •Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.



MATHS Y5 cont...

FRACTIONS (including decimals and percentages)

- •compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- •identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- •recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number

(e.g.
$$^{2}/_{5} + ^{4}/_{5} = ^{6}/_{5} = 1^{1}/_{5}$$
)

- •add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number
- •multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- •read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. 0.71 = ⁷¹/₁₀₀)
- •recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- •round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- •read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- •solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- •recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal fraction
- •Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $^{1}/_{2}$, $^{1}/_{4}$, $^{1}/_{5}$, $^{2}/_{5}$, $^{4}/_{5}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.

MEASUREMENT

- •convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)
- •understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- •measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- •calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- •estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm³ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water)
- •solve problems involving converting between units of time
- •Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling.

GEOMETRY

Properties of shapes

- •identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations (nets)
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- •draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)
- •identify:
- •- angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)
- •- angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°)
- •other multiples of 90°
- •use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- •Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.

Position and direction

•Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.

- •solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.









know the fundamentals

enquiry, justification, conjecture

application of skills in genuine contexts

MATHS Y6

NUMBER

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.

Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication and Division

- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers.
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.

FRACTIONS (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. ¹/₄ × ¹/₂ = ¹/₈)
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3+2} = \frac{1}{6}$)
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $^{3}/_{8}$)
- identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.

RATIO and PROPORTION

- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g. of measures) such as 15% of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.

ALGEBRA

- express missing number problems algebraically
- use simple formulae expressed in words
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns
- enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables.



MATHS Y6 cont...

MEASUREMENT

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time
 from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal
 places
- convert between miles and kilometres
- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles

calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units such as mm³ and km³.

GEOMETRY

Properties of shapes

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
- recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.

Position and direction

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
- calculate and interpret the mean as an average.