

Highlight by topic
Year A Autumn - Tudors
Year A Spring — Around The World
Year A Summer — Think Local, Act Global

Year 3 and 4

Knowledge, Skills and Understanding breakdown for **ART**

Highlight by topic
Year B Autumn – Ancient Egypt
Year B Spring - Splash
Year B Summer – They're Coming...

Colour	Drawing	Texture		
-Improve my mixing skills including tints and shades	-Use a wide range of mark makers (cross hatching,	-Look and collect a range of textured surfaces an		
and be more accurate.	thickness of line and depth of shade)	demonstrate techniques to record and make.		
Mix colours with control using small amounts on a	- Use line in abstract work to create direction and	-Put textures together in abstract designs, using rub-		
palette.	movement horizontal, vertical and diagonal using	bings etc.		
-Copy other artists work with more accuracy of	just black and white.	-Reproduce sense of texture by use thick paint to		
matching colour.	- Use line and colour and discuss differences and	(through use of brushstrokes).		
-Make complimentary colours and use them to	effects.	-Add textures to paint by adding sand, Artex, wood		
show effects.	- Identify black, white, grey, dark and light in other	chip.		
-Use different ways of applying colour, e.g. thick,	artists work.	-Discuss adding colour on top of colour, i.e. to create		
scrape, wash, focussing on technique.	- Make copies of artists work using similar media.	thickness of paint.		
	- Use a variety of drawing mediums- charcoal, chalk,			
	pastels			
	- Develop tone by working from black & white			
	newspaper photographs.			
KNOWLEDGE: Suggested Artists and Vocabulary - Develop use of a sketchbook; compare work of artists: explore various cultures, explore periods of time, understand				

viewpoints/ feelings through images of people, what the artist is trying to, -Use the web to research an artist or style of art.

Printing	Shape and Form	Collage and Pattern	
Learn to lay out a printing table and the mechanics	-Draw from observation with an awareness of basic	asic -Experiment with arranging, folding repeating and over-	
of printing with ink and a roller	shapes that they are seeing.	lapping.	
-prepare more complex printing block designs(eg	-Explore tessellated shapes by drawing, painting	-Look at regular and irregular patterns.	
use of tracing paper and continuous pattern)	and printing.	-Understand tessellating patterns.	
-Work in dry mediaon top of prints to add interest/	-Produce work with an emphasis on shape by draw-	-Cut accurately	
texture/ further detail	ing painting and using collage.	-Overlap materials	
	-Make objects with symmetrical shapes.	-Experiment using different colours	
	-Understand the concept of asymmetrical shapes.	-Use mosaic	
	-Work with flexible and rigid shapes.	-Look at natural forms as a basis for making pattern	

IT: Use printed images they take with a digital camera and combine them with other media.

Use IT programs to produce a piece of work that includes their own work and that of others (using web).

	Challenge					
	Colour	Drawing	<u>Texture</u>			
	-Name the tertiary colours.	-Show graduations of tone by looking at objects	-Create a sense of texture using of collage, e.g. sticks			
	-Demonstrate how to making different	with a view to drawing them.	criss-crossed, crinkled paper.			
	colours.	-Analyse and use tone by working from artists'	-Make sculptural pieces with an emphasis on textural			
	-Understand how to make cool blues and	work.	qualities.			
	greens, hot reds and oranges.	-Use long continuous lines to create pictures and	Collage and Pattern			
	Printing	abstract designs.	-Use textiles as a basis for pattern work.			
Year 3	-Print using at least four colours	-Look at the work of artists and make copies looking	-Identify pattern in a range of artefacts and artists work.			
	-Create an accurate print design	carefully at the quality of the lines. How were they	-Use the environment as a source for pattern/design			
	-Print onto different materials	made? What kind of line are they?	from natural or people-made patterns.			
			-Create a piece of artwork which includes the integra-			
		Shape and Form	tion of digital images they have taken			
		-See the shapes in something that I am observing.				
		-See shapes and their arrangements.				
		-Look at artists work with the above in mind.				
		-Understand the terms form and shape (Teach tech-				
		niques for making shapes in clay, wire, and card. If				
		3D use the term 'form'; if 2D use the term shape)				

KNOWLEDGE AND IT: Experiment with different styles which artist have used, -Explain art from different periods of history –combine graphics and text, Present a collection of their work on a slideshow.				
Year 4	Colour -Explain complimentary colours. -Use moods created by colour in different artist's work and begin to discuss. -Use colour to express emotions in work. Printing -Print using a number of colours -look very carefully at the methods they use and make decisions about the effectiveness of their printing measures	Drawing Begin to understand the word contrastCreate different depths of tone by using different papers and layeringMake my own designs using knowledge of line Shape and Form Work on covered forms e.g. bandaging forms with modroc/papier mache.	Texture Produce the illusion of texture by using drawing and painting. Describe matt and shiny. Collage and Pattern -Record pattern in different ways; rubbing and drawing -Analyse pattern. What is making the pattern?	
	KNOWLEDGE AND IT: Learn about the work of others through books, the internet, visits to galleries; Scan images and take digital photos and use software to alter them, adapt them and create work /meaning; Create digital images with animation, video and sound to communicate their ideas			



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Colour	Colour Drawing	
-Imply colour texture with colour (adding sand, Artex, wood chip to paint) -Demonstrate further colour mixing skills: make a surface more interesting by ways of applying (equipment used to apply textured paint e.g. palette knives, Artex combs) -Explain my understanding of primary, secondary, tertiary, warm, cold, shade and tintLook at artists work: discuss how and why they have used colour in a particular wayWork to develop my use of colour in their own work.	-Use abstract work to create meandering, branching, exploding, spiralling -Show how different ways of lines create different effects in black and whiteWork on the above but with colourPossible use of ICT: use Digital photography to demonstrate movementUse high contrasts in a painting using black and whiteCreate a sense of space by the use of toneUse a variety of tones using single colours.	Draw and paint using techniques that produce different effects of texture as aboveExplore feathery, furry, shiny, waxy and wet and how painting, drawing could show these effects (either thorough application or adding)Work from other artists' work that show texture.
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KNOWLEDGE: Suggested Artists and Vocabulary: Continue to develop use of a sketchbook; experiment with different styles artists have used -learn about the work of others in books, the internet, visits to galleries, and other sources of Information combine graphics and text based on their research

IT: create a piece of artwork which includes the integration of digital images they have taken; Combine graphics and text based on their research; scan images and take digital photos and use software to alter them, adapt them and create work with meaning; create digital images with animation, video and sound

Challenge					
Year 5	ColourConsider how to imply texture (through use of brushstrokes)Explain how different artists have used colour and for what purpose with confidence. Printing -Discuss the effect of texture in different artists' work and how they produce the particular textures.	Drawing Use the vocabulary of line and practice it with confidenceRespond to sounds, physical, movement, music, rhythms (Cross curricular?) -Draw and point from observed still life Draw from objects that are lit to create strong contrastsLook at work of artists who achieve this and draw upon to use in own work Shape and Form -Look at how people/objects are arranged in a picture using shapes to analyse the arrangement and relationship of figures or objectsUse negative shapes – space between objects.	Texture -Discuss the effect of texture in different artists' work and how they produce the particular textures. Collage and Pattern Look at different cultural uses of pattern (Moorish, Islamic, Indian, Aztec, Greeks) -Organise patterns using my own knowledge and choicesUse software packages to create pieces of digital art and designcreate a piece of art which can be used as part of a wider presentation		
KNOWLEDGE AND IT: Make a record of the styles and qualities of their work; Say what their work is influenced by; include technical aspects in their work ing architec-					

	<u>Colour</u>	<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Texture</u>
	Use colour for different purposes in work. Why use this colour? What effect will it have?	-Use line in conjunction with colour (lines crossing, filling negative spaces)-Begin to use vocabulary of soft, dark, light, contour,	Make sculptures with a variety of textures or giving illusion of texture.
	-Explain choices why have used colour in	broken, circular, broad.	Collage and Pattern
	a particular way.	-Create mood by using strong contrastUse a variety of mediums to create illusion of tone	-Express mood using pattern (intensity and arrangement)
ear 6	Printing Overprint using different colours -Look very carefully at the methods they use and make decisions about the effec- tiveness of their printing methods	(sketching pencils, rubbers, paint and collage) Shape and Form Analyse artists' work in terms of shape arrangement with confidence -Produce work with more complex shape arrangement and compositionLook at forms that are heavy or light in appearance.	-Make patterns for purposes (book covers, curtains, dolls, puppets, clothes, boxes, folders) including textiles.

Year 3,4,5 and 6 Suggested Artists and Vocabulary

Knowledge, Skills and Understanding breakdown for ART

		onderstanding breakdown	101 <u>ART</u>	
Colour		Drawing	1	Texture
Names of colours, including burnt umber, sienna etc Bright Clashing Cool (receding – blues, greens and violets) Complimentary (opposite colours on colour wheel e.g blue and orange) Dark Light Deep Dull Earth Hue (variations on a colour e.g. Royal, Cobalt, Navy blue) Intense (e.g. Raw pigments) Pale Pastel Palette Pigment ('pure' raw ingredients) Primary (blue, yellow & red) Secondary (2 primary colours mixed together - purple, green & orange) Tertiary (1 primary + 1 secondary colour mixed) Shades Tints (Colour + white e.g. Apple white, sail white) Warm (aggressive – reds, oranges, yellows) Alberto Burri (war/ burnt and melted materials) Jackson Pollock (action painting) Brigit Riley (pop art/ pattern) Wassily Kandinsky (symbolism/shape) Alfred Wallis (Sea/lighthouses) Hokusai (Japanese art/ line)	Angular Flowing Rhythmic Thin Broad Grid Short Vertical Broken Hard Smooth Wiggly Circular Horizontal Soft Zigzag Contour Light Spiralling Curved Linear Straight Dark Long Sweeping Diagonal outline Thick Black Shadow White Contrast Dark Grey High key Highlight Light Low key Monochrome	Shade Marc Chagall (pastels) Edgar Degas (pastels) Leonardo Da Vinci (sketching/ redrawing/ink blots)	Coarse Dry Feathery Feathery Furry Glossy Hard Matt shiny Rough Scratchy Shiny Silky slimy Smooth Soft Waxy Wet	Lucienne Day (1950s, pattern) India Flint (alchemy/ plants/ natural) Gunta Stolzl (weaving/colour) Fabrics from different cultures (African/ Indian/Aboriginal etc)
Printing	!	Shape and Form	Collage and Pattern	
Imprint Impression Mould Monoprint Background Marbling Surface Absorb Roy Lichtenstein (dots, colour, Pop Stencil Art) Pounce Negative image seeds) Rembrandt (etchings) Andy Warhol (Pop Art, portraits, screen printing)	Shape (2/3D): Asymmetrical Complex Geometric Large Made Natural negative Simple Small Symmetrical Solid Tessellating Form (3D): Carving Cone Construction Cylinder Cube Flexible Mass Malleable Modelling Natural Organic (fluid and natutal) Rigid Sculpture	Henry Moore (subtractive/ abstract) Richard Shilling (assemblages, transient, natural world) Alberto Giacometti (figurative) Phillip Jackson (modern figurative) Louise Nevelson (assemblages/	Border Change Decorative Gelleometric Grid Irregular Natural Regular Repeat Rhythm Rotation Symmetrical Tessation Joan Miro Bridget Riley Escher Paul Klee	

IT

Layer Green screen Enhance Layer palette Scale

Scale Overlay Transparent Green screen Move tool Magic wand Hue Saturation Entrance Harold Cohen (creator of AARON) David Hockney Richard Hamilton(Pop Art) Jeff Wall (photography, conceptual art)